HEIDENHAIN



CNC PILOT 640

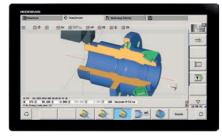
The Control for Lathes and Turning-Milling Machines

www.heidenhain.com/cnc-controls

Contents



CNC PILOT 640 With a 15.6-inch touchscreen



CNC PILOT 640 With a 24-inch touchscreen

Windows 7, Windows 8, and Windows 10 are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation

Options are functions integrated into the control, allowing the functionality of the CNC PILOT 640 to be adapted to the customer's needs at a later time. Some options, however, must be adapted by the machine manufacturer.

The specifications described here apply to the following control and NC software versions:

CNC PILOT 640 with NC software versions 688946-08 (export license required) 688947-08 (export license not required)

This brochure supersedes all previous editions, which thereby become invalid. **Subject to change without notice.**



The CNC PILOT 640

Where can it be used?	Versatile and effective CNC PILOT 640: the control for lathes and turning-milling machines	4
What does it look like?	Intuitive and user-friendly Modern multi-touch operation and convenient screen layout	6
What can it do?	Fast, accurate, and reliable machining Fully digital control design Smart machining	8
	Effective, well-structured, and flexible Make programming easy with smart.Turn (option) High-performance NC programs with DIN PLUS An NC program at the stroke of a key with TURN PLUS (option)	10
	Describe and import contours Interactive Contour Programming (ICP)	16
	Realistic control prior to machining The graphical simulation	18
	Expandable for all cases Turning, drilling, and milling in a single setup (option) Single-setup machining, including C and Y axis (option) Machining with the B axis and simultaneous machining	20
	High-performance Teach-in mode (option) Cycles, the pre-programmed working steps	26
	Tool data and cutting data are readily available The tool and technology database of the CNC PILOT 640	30
	Open for external information Fully digital job management with Connected Machining The DataPilot CP 640 programming station Rapid availability of all information	32
What accessories are there?	Measuring workpieces Machine setup, setting presets, and measuring with touch trigger probes	36
	Tool measurement Determine the length, radius, and level of wear directly in the machine	37
At a glance	Overview User functions Options Accessories Specifications	38

Versatile and effective

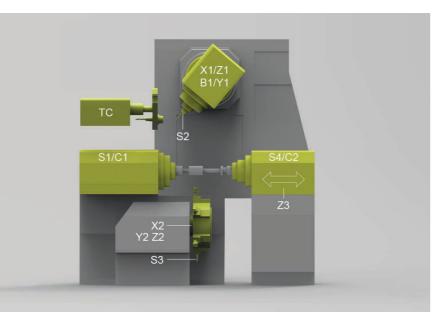
CNC PILOT 640: the control for lathes and turning-milling machines

Thanks to its versatile design and programming capabilities, the CNC PILOT 640 provides you with the support you need, regardless of whether you make simple or complex parts in single runs or batches. Operating and programming the CNC PILOT 640 is very convenient and requires very little training.

The CNC PILOT 640 is designed for CNC lathes and can be used on horizontal and vertical boring and turning mills.

The CNC PILOT 640 supports lathes with a main and counter spindle, a C axis, or positionable spindle, B and Y axes, and driven tools.

In multi-channel machining, different machining steps can be performed simultaneously using multiple slides.



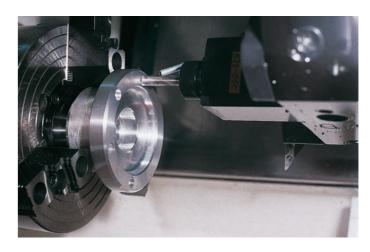


Regardless of whether you are turning simple parts or complex workpieces, the CNC PILOT 640 gives you the benefits of graphical contour input and convenient programming with smart.Turn.

If you need to program with variables, control special machine components, or use externally created programs, etc., you can simply switch to DIN PLUS, where you'll find the right solution for your specific task.

Compatibility

The CNC PILOT 640 can also run already existing NC programs from older HEIDENHAIN lathes. A convenient import filter makes it easy for you to transfer older programs (e.g., from the CNC PILOT 4290) to the new control for continued use.









From simple jobs on a compact machine ...

. to complex tasks,

. to serial production



Intuitive and user-friendly

Modern multi-touch operation and convenient screen layout

The screen

The CNC PILOT 640 is equipped with a practical splash-proof, scratch-resistant, IP54-rated touchscreen designed for harsh shop conditions. The screen can be operated by means of gestures already familiar from mobile devices.

The CNC PILOT 640 is available in different screen formats. The 19-inch version lends itself to large or multi-channel machines requiring a larger field of view. The smaller 15.6-inch widescreen is ideal for compact machines. In Programming mode, the widescreen version ensures a comfortable overview of your programs.

The CNC PILOT 640 gives you an excellent overview of the information you need during programming, program verification, and machine operation.

While you're programming, helpful images explain the required parameters. And during program simulation, tool movements are shown in realistic detail. While the program is running on the machine, the CNC PILOT 640 displays information about the tool position, speed, motor loading, and the machine status.

The keyboard

The CNC PILOT 640 doesn't need an excessive number of keys. All of the functions are clearly identifiable thanks to easily understood symbols.

The keys on the numeric keypad are used for entering data and selecting functions. The menu window shows the available functions via images. Soft keys let you make changes to selected functions, apply position values and technology data, and control data input.

C HEIDENHAIN		Ergonomic and sturdy de The optimized stainless ste panel of the CNC PILOT 64
D Simulation D smart.Turn Tool editor Effachine par. X 900.000 B 0.000 F 265.000 ID HP8_30 HT HP8_30 HP8_3	Display of operating modes and the machine status (configurable). You can fill this area with up to 25 different display segments. Different display segments are stored for Manual mode and Automatic mode.	special protective cover, m resistant to contamination labeling on the ergonomic can withstand extreme sh You can also adjust the fee traverse, and spindle spee handy control knobs.
	PLC soft keys for machine functions	Intuitive touchscreen op The operator-friendliness of CNC PILOT 640 has prove many years. Users throug use dialog keys, navigation keys to operate their CNC even more innovative and operation, the CNC PILOT comes in a touchscreen version combines the prov HEIDENHAIN controls wit
	Self-explanatory soft keys for the respective operating mode	operation through tapping dragging gestures. Practical touchscreen
0 0	Alphanumeric keyboard for comments	The touchscreen is ideal for
	USB port	environment because it ca operated when exposed to other factors. To lock the s
HOWERTYUIOPEE 789 G ASDFGHJKL: 456 % ZXCVBNM: 123 %	Keys for operating modes and functions	cleaning, simply select the Cleaning" mode. The touc be operated with different
	Keypad for numerical input and fast menu selection	gloves.
	Navigation keys	

Machine operating panel with override potentiometers

steel operating 640 features a making it highly on and wear. The ically shaped keys shop conditions. eed rate, rapid eed settings with

for a shopfloor can still be l to coolant, oil, and screen for he "Touchscreen uchscreen can also nt types of work

design

peration

s of the ven itself over ghout the world on keys, and soft C PILOT 640. For d user-friendly DT 640 now also version. This oven benefits of vith state-of-the-art ng, swiping, and

Gestures for multi-touch operation

The screen of the CNC PILOT 640 can be operated with gestures already familiar to you from your smartphone or tablet. For example, you can zoom in or out with two fingers, or swipe to rapidly navigate through programs, menus, and the soft-key row.

Symbol	Gesture
	Тар
	Double tap
	Long press
1	Swipe
← ● →	
+ †	Drag
← ● →	
↓ ▲	Two-finger drag
•	Spread
	Pinch
•	

Fast, accurate, and reliable machining

Fully digital control design

technology from HEIDENHAIN enables

high accuracy. What's more, all control

connected via a digital interface.

Digital drive technology

components of the CNC PILOT 640 are

high contour fidelity and fast machining at

A position controller, speed controller, and

current controller (if needed) are integrated

into the CNC PILOT 640. Its digital motor

control enables very high feed rates.

Thanks to its digital design, theHigh contour fidelityCNC PILOT 640 can control the entireThe CNC PILOT 640 dmotion system. This proven digitalthe contour in advance

The CNC PILOT 640 dynamically calculates the contour in advance, allowing the lathe control to rapidly adapt the axis speed at contour transitions. Special algorithms control the axes, ensuring motion control within the speed and acceleration limits.

High availability

The fully digital design of the CNC PILOT 640 connects all of the components via purely digital interfaces. Control components are connected via the HEIDENHAIN Serial Controller Interface (HSCI), a real-time protocol for fast Ethernet. Encoders are connected via EnDat 2.2, the bidirectional interface from HEIDENHAIN.

This results in high overall system availability, from the main computer to the encoder. It is also diagnosable and immune to interference.

The fully digital solution from HEIDENHAIN ensures exceptionally high accuracy and surface quality at high traversing speeds.

Load monitoring: detect tool wear and breakage during machining*

Load Monitoring tracks the machine's spindle and motor loading, comparing it with load values from a reference operation. The CNC PILOT 640 can graphically visualize the load values in a separate window.

You can set two limit values that trigger different error reactions. If the first limit value is exceeded, the current tool is flagged as worn, and the control automatically exchanges it with a previously defined replacement tool during the next tool call. After the second limit value has been exceeded, the CNC PILOT 640 assumes that there is an impermissible load (e.g., tool breakage) and stops the machining operation. This improves process reliability during machining, particularly during unattended shifts.



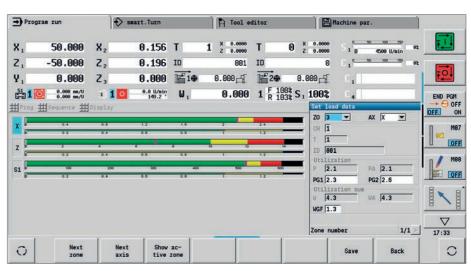
* The machine and control must be adapted by the machine manufacturer for this function.

Batch mode

The batch mode function lets you run multiple main programs automatically. You can also define the part programs and their number of parts in a program list. The CNC PILOT 640 can then automatically execute this list without programs being manually selected and started. Batch mode is ideal for scenarios in which different operations are performed on a consistent raw material supplied by bar loaders or robots.

Program-run graphics

The program-run graphics display the machining operation in real time, revealing the current state of the workpiece. Direct observation during machining is often impossible. In addition, you can switch between different operating modes at any time, letting you simultaneously work on a program, for example. Then, while programming, you can simply press a button to check the machining progress.



Rotary encoder Drive MC main CC controller **HSCI** computer unit **PWM** Motor Linear encoder EnDat 2.2 HSCI EnDat 2.2 EnDat 2.2 0 **HSCI HSCI** Operating panel Angle encoder

Graphical depiction of the load values with Load Monitoring

Effective, well-structured, and flexible

Make programming easy with smart. Turn (option)

Has the safety clearance been correctly entered, has the speed limitation been taken into account, and what oversizes have been defined? All of these questions need to be considered by novice and expert NC programmers alike during conventional DIN programming.

The smart.Turn principle

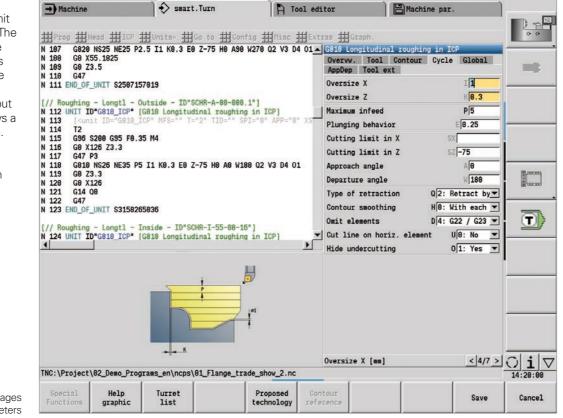
The working block, called a unit, plays a key role in smart. Turn programs. A unit completely and unambiguously defines a single working step. The unit includes the tool call, the technology data, the cycle call, and the approach and departure strategies. along with global data such as the safety clearance. All of these parameters are displayed in an intuitive dialog box.

The smart. Turn principle gives you the reassurance that the working block is fully and correctly defined. The unit's DIN PLUS commands are listed in the NC program by smart.Turn. This gives you an overview of all working-block details at any time

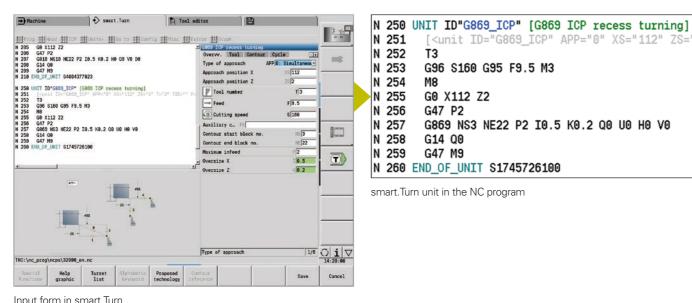
The unit

All of the parameters of a smart. Turn unit are contained in intuitive fillable forms. The overview form gives you the big picture about the selected unit. while subforms provide information on the details of the working block. Intuitive help images illustrate all of the required inputs. If input options are available, smart.Turn displays a list of the available options for selection.

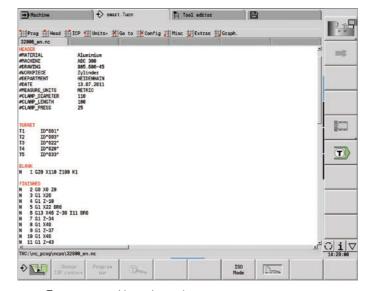
And you do not need to stop the manufacturing process to program with smart.Turn, since you can create and test the smart. Turn program while the program is running.



Intuitive dialogs, with help images explaining the parameters



[<unit ID="G869_ICP" APP="0" XS="112" ZS="2 N 251 N 252 T3 N 253 G96 S160 G95 F9.5 M3 N 254 M8 255 G0 X112 Z2 N 256 G47 P2 N 257 G869 NS3 NE22 P2 I0.5 K0.2 Q0 U0 H0 V0 N 258 G14 00 259 G47 M9 N 260 END_OF_UNIT S1745726100 smart.Turn unit in the NC program



smart.Turn program with section codes

Intuitive and clearly formatted

Programs created with smart.Turn are known for their intuitive structure and easy understandability. The smart. Turn tool uses section codes that clearly distinguish between the program head (containing setup information), tools assigned in the turret, the workpiece description, and the actual machining operation.

You will be guided by the dialog to enter data in this sequence: Program head

- Tools assigned in the turret
- Description of workpiece blank
- Description of finished part Individual machining steps

The smart. Turn approach ensures that the program is easy to read and allows you to save all information in the NC program for making the part.

Production data at a glance

The program head includes all important information about the workpiece (e.g., drawing number, date, programmer, material, fixture, etc.).

All of the information that is important for setting up and machining the workpiece, such as the tool assignment in the turret, is included in the NC program.

Programming in more than one window

Up to six NC programs can be opened simultaneously in the DIN PLUS editor. The NC program to be displayed is selected via the smart keys. This allows you to transfer program blocks from one NC program to another or quickly gain an overview of complex NC programs, including subprograms.

Nachine)	smart \$. Turn	A Tool editor	8		-
rog ∰Head	出ICP 出0	nits- #	ao to ∰Config ∄	∰Misc ∰Extras ∰	Graph.		0.0
grae head eds	1						102
iterial lide uchine raving ixture Lamping Ø ree length Lapg, press.	Aluminium ABC 300 805.605-45 and 1st setup 1st setup 1st setup	of [118 108	Workpiece Company Author Date Unit en 2nd setup en 2nd setup bar 2nd setup	Tylinder HEIDENMAIN 13.07.2011 Metric D me m bar		-	
I UCO XIIO 2 2 GD X0 Z0 3 GI X20 4 GI Z-18 5 GI X22 E80 6 GI3 X46 Z-1 7 GI Z-34 8 GI X40 \nc_proj\ncpi	30 I11 BRO	¢ 1				ت د ر	<u>○ i ⊽</u> 14:20:66
				Alphabetic keyboard		ОК	Cancel

Entry form for the program head

N 4 TNC:

Effective, well-structured, and flexible

Make programming easy with smart. Turn (option)

Programming made simple

Global parameters, such as oversizes, safety clearances, coolant on/off, etc., are defined once in the start unit and then transferred by smart. Turn to the other units.

Within the NC program, smart. Turn lists the DIN PLUS instructions of this unit. This gives you an overview of all working block details and provides you with an intuitive, well-structured NC program.

The smart.Turn tool supports units for roughing, finishing, recessing, recess turning, thread cutting, drilling, tapping, and milling, as well as special units for program start, program end, moving the C axis in/ out, subprograms, and program-section repeats.

Programming contours

The smart.Turn tool makes your work easier and more flexible. Simple contours can be defined with just a few entries in the cycle. Complex contours can be defined with graphical interactive programming (ICP) or through an uploaded DXF part description. Contours remain readable and editable when stored in the NC program, allowing you to make changes in either smart.Turn or the ICP editor.

Contour follow-up

Another highlight of the CNC PILOT 640 is its contour follow-up functionality. If you define the workpiece blank at the beginning of your smart. Turn or DIN PLUS program, then the control will calculate the current state of the blank after every cut. The machining cycles always take this current state into account. Contour followup lets you avoid air cuts and optimize approach paths through the space created by material removal.

Suggested technology data

The CNC PILOT 640 stores your cutting data based on the workpiece material, tool material, and type of machining operation. Since the tool material is already specified when you describe the tool, you only need to enter the workpiece material. This provides smart. Turn with all of the data it needs in order to suggest cutting values.

Programming in DIN PLUS

Units are available in smart.Turn for all machining tasks, including for special functions. But if you need to program with variables, control special machine modules, or use complex functions not included in smart.Turn, then you can use DIN PLUS, which puts high-performance machining cycles, program branching, and programming with variables at your disposal. You can even switch between smart.Turn and DIN PLUS programming within a single program.

Because the units are based on DIN PLUS, you can "dissolve" a unit anytime into a DIN PLUS program section as a basis for fine-tuning and optimization.

The CNC PILOT 640 also lets you create DIN programs or upload and use externally created programs.

→ Machine	Smart.Tu	urn	Tool editor	Machine par.	
HProg Hear	d ∰ICP ∰Units≠ ∰Go	to ∰Config ∰M	.sc ∰Extras ∰Graph		00
N 222 UNIT ID"G N 223 [sunit N 224 M105 N 225 T7	ocket - lateral - ID"Frae 845_TAS_Y_MANT™ (ICP pocket ID="6845_TAS_Y_MANT™ MFS=" 714 G195 F0.1 M103 28	et mill, lateral su	rf. Y] SPI="8" AppDep To Machining o Machining d	perat QK 8: Roughing	The i
N 229 G8 Y8	21.2679		Max. approa		
N 231 G147 I2 N 232 G845 NS				ction oversize I	_
N 234 G0 Y0 N 235 G47 N 236 G18 N 237 END_OF_UN			Approach ra Plunging le Plunging an	ngth WB	EX
	ocket - lateral - ID"Fraes 845 TAS Y MANT" [ICP pocke		Overlap fac		.5
•					
TNC:\Project\82	_Demo_Programs_en\ncps\01_	_Flange_trade_shov_	Machining of	peration:	< 4/7 > () i

smart.Turn dialogs with help images

81_	Flan	ge_trade		1	#Unde	2	
		=	Absc	hnitt	H Red	5	
•		BLANK					
		N 1 G28 X128 Z12	L KB.5		# Help	2	
2		FINISHED			tt Tose	erting a block	•
•		MACHINING			1111		1270
Þ			gram beginning		adulut .	edīt vord,	Enter
		[// Centric predri		ling - Centric - I			Del
Þ.	ę	UNIT G74_ZENTR Cent				solve UNIT	
		[// Roughing - Tra			Blo	ck numbering	
D.	0.	UNIT G828_ICP G820	and a state of the		tt Com	ment/uncomment li	ne Ctrl+K
	11	UNIT G818_ICP G81			-	T2 TID*SCHR-A-88-89	
	0.	L// Roughing - Lon				12 110 SUM A 00 00	0.1 3200 FB.3
	-	UNIT G818_ICP G81				T3 TID*SCHR-1-55-84	-16" 5988 58 31
		L// Contour machin		And Andrew Manager	10*50H - A-55		10 0200 10.0.
Þ	IJ.		and the second second		10 0011 1 30	T4 TID*SCHL-A-55-84	B 1= \$998 E8 11
	e.,	[// Contour maching			10*50H -1-55-9	The state of the second	
	5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10 3011 1 20 4	T5 TID*SCHL-I-55-84	-16" S228 FR 15
		1// H141					
		UNIT C AXIS ON C as	cis ON				
		[// Milling - Surfa		ID"Fraes-16-256"			
0	H					T6 TID*Fraes-16-250	" \$1393 F8.1
		1// Hilling - Surfa	ace - lateral -	ID*Fraes-18-256*			
	11	UNIT G841_Y_M_ Sin	ple surface in	Y axis, latrl.		T6 TID-Fraes-16-250	" \$1393 F8.1
	-	[// Hilling - Surf	ace - lateral -	ID*Fraes-16-256*]			
	11	UNIT G841_Y_M_ Sin	ple surface in	Y axis, latrl.		T6 TID*Fraes-16-250	* \$1393 F8.1
4							

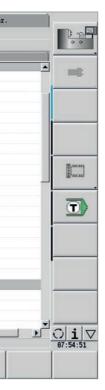
smart.Turn program in tree view with a dissolved smart.Turn unit

High-performance cycles in DIN PLUS

The DIN PLUS cycles let you define the contour section to be machined by simply marking the appropriate area in the verification graphics. You can then immediately test each working step in the simulation.

The relevant commands can be selected from a menu or entered directly in G-code. A dialog box appears in which you enter the parameters. All of these entries are explained with visual aids and plain language texts.

Thanks to these highly effective machining cycles and their assignment to machining sections, DIN PLUS delivers greater effectiveness and flexibility than conventional NC programming.



Effective, well structured, and flexible

An NC program at the press of a button with TURN PLUS (option)

TURN PLUS lets you create NC programs in very little time: after you've described the workpiece blank and final contour, all you need to do is select the workpiece material and workholding equipment. TURN PLUS does everything else automatically: it generates the working plan, selects the machining strategy, selects the tools and cutting data, and generates the NC blocks.

The result is a thoroughly commented smart.Turn program with working blocks (units), giving you assurance and room for optimization when first running the NC program.

TURN PLUS can do all of this for milling and drilling operations with the C or Y axis on front face and lateral surfaces, as well as on rear-face surfaces on machines with counter spindles.

An NC program at a keystroke

When short programming times are important, you can generate all of the working steps with only a single keystroke. Using the entered contour and the information from the technology database, TURN PLUS automatically creates the working plan and selects suitable work strategies, tools, and cutting data. This takes only a few seconds, and you can monitor each individual working step in the verification graphics. TURN PLUS has now provided a logical sequence of machining possibilities, such as "first transverse roughing, then longitudinal roughing," or "finishing outside, then finishing inside". However, you can also adapt this sequence on your own to suit various tasks. In this manner, the CNC PILOT 640 also has the machining expertise of your company at its disposal, even during automatic working plan generation.

Automatic program generation for the complete contour

The CNC PILOT 640 control can automatically create NC programs for complex workpieces with machining operations on the front face, rear side, and lateral surface as well. After you have defined the geometry, this can save you about 90 % of the time otherwise needed to create a program.

Automatic program generation for the second setup

TURN PLUS knows the contours of the clamping devices and takes them into account when automatically generating the working plan. The cutting path is thereby automatically kept at a safe distance from the workholding equipment. Once the program for the first setup is complete, you can "rechuck" using interactive graphics. The control then automatically generates the program for the second setup without you needing to re-enter the workpiece geometry.

Inclined contours are no problem

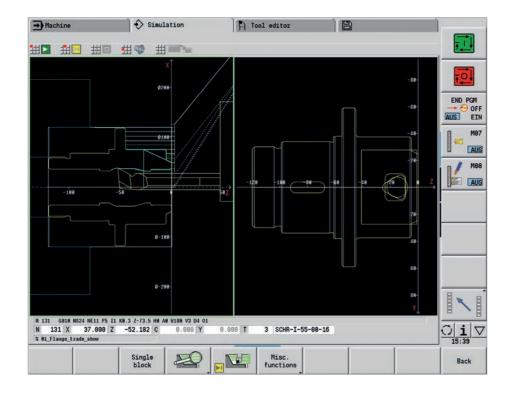
When it comes to automatically generating the NC program for inclined contours, the control is confronted with unique demands. The angle at which the contour falls is often steeper than the angle of the tool tip. In this case, the control automatically selects a different tool and performs the machining operation in the opposite direction or as a recess. In any case, the result is an executable NC program.

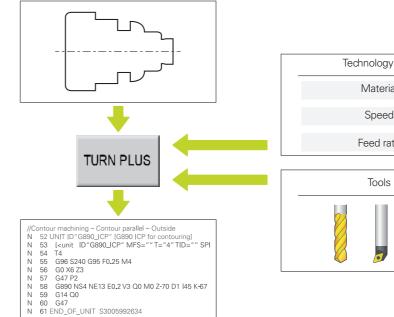
Defining the machining sequence

A standard machining sequence can be defined in the TURN PLUS dialog. Various machining sequences, such as for chuck parts, shaft machining, etc., can be stored.

> From the global main types of machining operations, such as "roughing," "finishing," or "drilling," to details such as defining a tool for a specific operation, the automatic working plan generation (AWG) feature can be adapted to suit the user's requirements.







Reliably moving from programming to the first cut in the shortest possible time with TURN PLUS

ıy data	_
ial	
d	
ate	
S	_

Describe and import contours

Interactive Contour Programming (ICP)

Interactive Contour Programming (ICP) helps in the case of complex parts or incomplete part dimensioning. With it, you describe the contour elements directly as they appear in the workpiece drawing. Or—if the drawing is available in DXF format—you simply import the contour.

Contour programming with ICP

You define an ICP contour by entering the contour elements one after the other in the graphic editor. When selecting the contour elements, you merely specify the direction of the line or the direction of rotation of the circular arc. The CNC PILOT 640 doesn't need much input to create the contour element.

When entering the data, you decide whether the coordinates are to be absolute or incremental, whether lines are defined by their end point or length, and whether circular arcs are to be specified by their center point or radius. You also specify whether the path to the next contour element should be tangential or nontangential. The CNC PILOT 640 calculates missing coordinates, intersections, center points, etc., if they are mathematically defined. If the entered data permit multiple mathematically possible solutions, then you can view the alternative proposals and select the one you prefer. You can also add to or modify existing contours.

Superimposing form elements

The ICP editor recognizes the chamfer, rounding, and undercut form elements (DIN 76, DIN 509 E, DIN 509 F, etc.). You can enter these form elements during sequential contour definition. However, it is often easier to first define the "rough" contour and then superimpose the form elements. This is done by selecting the corner on which the form element is to be placed and then inserting the element.

ICP contours for smart.Turn and DIN PLUS

In smart.Turn, you have various possibilities for describing the contour to be machined. You can describe standard contours directly within the unit, or you can use ICP to define complex turning or milling contours as well as linear or circular drilling and milling patterns. The contour defined with ICP is incorporated into the smart.Turn program. Within the unit, you refer to the contour section to be machined. ICP contours are saved in the NC program in a readable and editable form. This gives you the benefit of choosing either smart.Turn or the ICP editor to edit the contours.

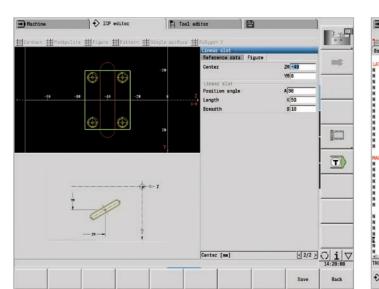
If you are working in DIN PLUS mode, you can likewise use ICP to describe the turning and milling contours, as well as the linear and circular patterns. In the contour-related cycles, you enter a reference to the contour section to be machined.

The ICP editor can be called from within smart.Turn.

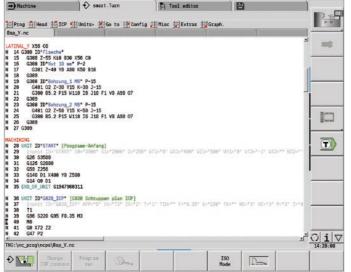
DXF import of contours (option)

Why should you painstakingly enter contour elements if the data already exists in the CAD system? ICP gives you the option of importing contours in DXF format directly into the CNC PILOT 640. Not only do you save time that would otherwise be spent on programming and testing but you also ensure that the finished contour exactly corresponds to the design engineer's specification. DXF contours can describe workpiece blanks, finished parts, contour trains, and milling contours. They must be available as two-dimensional elements within a separate laver (i.e., without dimension lines, wrap-around edges, etc.).

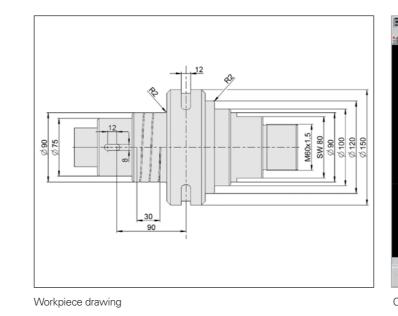
First, import the DXF file into the CNC PILOT 640 via the network or the USB flash drive. Since the DXF format is fundamentally different from the ICP format, the contour is converted from DXF to the ICP format during the import. This contour is then treated as a normal ICP contour, and is available for smart.Turn or DIN PLUS programming.



Define the contour element in ICP.



ICP contour description in the NC program







Contour description in the ICP editor

Realistic control prior to machining

The graphical simulation

The timely detection of errors is very important in NC programming. The CNC PILOT 640 supports you during program verification with its graphical simulation, with precision and the actual dimensions of the contour and the cutting edge, because the simulation works with the geometry values from the tool database.

Graphical simulation

Prior to machining, you can use the graphical simulation to check the following: • Approach and departure behavior

- The machining sequence
- The proportioning of cuts • The finished contour

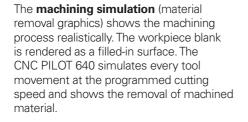
Graphical simulation can display the tool cutting edge, rendering the cutting-edge radius, width, and position true to scale. This lets you notice machining details and collision risks early on.

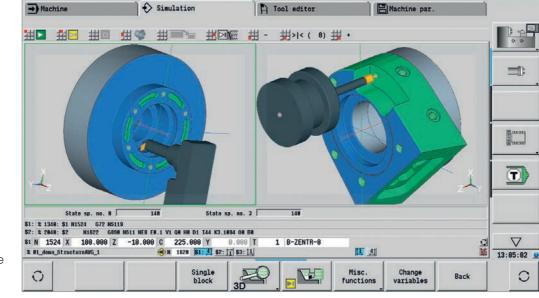
Wire-frame or cutting-path graphics, and machining simulation

The CNC PILOT 640 supports different renderings of the tool path and machining process, thus allowing you to choose the optimal type of verification based on the tool or the machining operation.

The wire-frame depiction is ideal for examining the approach and departure movements and the proportioning of cuts. The wire-frame rendering shows the path of the theoretical cutting point.

A more accurate contour check is possible with the cutting-path depiction. The cutting-path graphics take the exact geometry of the tool tip into account, immediately showing you if material will be left behind, the contour will be damaged, or the overlaps will be too large. The cutting-path depiction is particularly helpful for recessing, drilling, and milling operations dependent on the tool shape for their outcome.





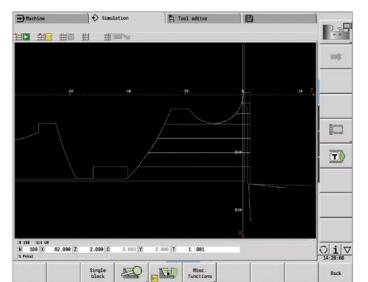
Showing multiple contour groups at the same time

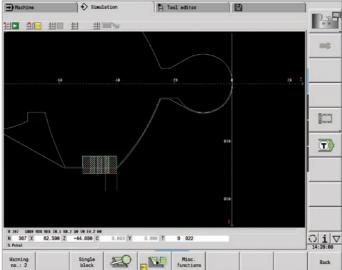
Configuring views

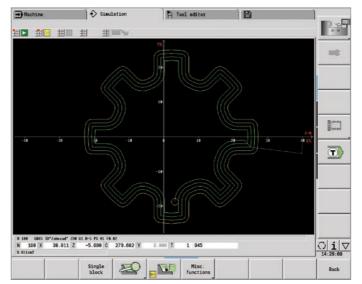
If your lathe is equipped with driven tools and a positionable spindle, a C axis, or a Y axis, then CNC PILOT 640 also simulates the machining operations of the front face and lateral surface, or the XY and YZ plane. You can select the combination of windows best suited to the machining operation. This gives you everything you need to accurately inspect your drilling and milling operations. The CNC PILOT 640 depicts C-axis machining operations on the "unrolled lateral surface".

3D simulation

The realistic, high-resolution 3D simulation allows you to evaluate the machining result for turning, drilling, and milling processes prior to machining. This even applies to complex multi-channel operations. All of the workpieces are displayed, along with the tool movements on all slides. Milling and turning operations are shown in different colors.







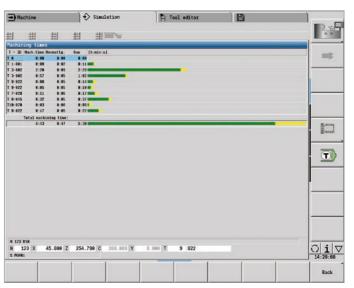
Wire-frame depiction

The freely rotatable perspective permits visual inspection of the workpiece blank and finished part from all angles. Intuitive gesture control allows you to navigate to and zoom in on any programmed detail, including on lateral-surface or front-face C-axis contours, and on Y-axis contours in a tilted plane. As a result, the 3D simulation allows you to detect even the tiniest of errors prior to machining.

Calculating the machining time

If your customer needs an offer quickly, then you need precise information in very little time. With its machining time calculator, the CNC PILOT 640 is an invaluable aid. During simulation of the smart.Turn or DIN PLUS program, the CNC PILOT 640 calculates the time per unit for the programmed machining operation.

Along with the total machining time, the table displays the machining time and idle time of each cycle or tool used. This helps with calculations and immediately shows whether the machining operation can still be optimized.



Calculating the machining time

Cutting path depiction

Expandable for all cases

Turning, drilling, and milling in a single setup (option)

The CNC PILOT 640 features an extensive package of powerful cycles for standard machining operations and special applications, thus optimally equipping you for everyday shopfloor challenges.

Multiple plunging

The multiple plunging cycle lets you machine deep and wide slots very efficiently. The low lateral deflection of the tool enables up to 50 % higher feed rates than those of conventional recessing cycles. In the process, the cycle automatically executes all working steps (recessing, ridge removal, and finishing).

The CNC PILOT 640 can also perform follow-up drilling and milling operations on the front face or lateral surface in a single setup. In addition, the control offers numerous functions and practical cycles.

* Optional. The machine and the CNC PILOT 640 must be adapted for this function by the machine manufacturer.

Drilling, deep-hole drilling, tapping

The CNC PILOT 640 can perform individual drilling, deep-hole drilling, and tapping operations with the C or Y axis. Using parameters, you can easily program infeed reductions when drilling partly or completely through the workpiece.

Drilling and milling patterns

If holes, slots, or ICP milling cycles are located at regular distances on a straight line or a circular arc, then the CNC PILOT 640 greatly simplifies your work, letting you create these patterns on the front face or lateral surface with just a few keystrokes.

Thread milling

The CNC PILOT 640 supports special thread milling tools, allowing you to leverage the benefits of thread milling on lathes with a C or Y axis.

Milling slots and simple figures

Milling slots couldn't be easier with the CNC PILOT 640. After you define the slot's position, depth, and cutting values, the milling cycles takes care of the rest automatically.

Even for simple contours such as circles, rectangles and equilateral polygons, just a few keystrokes are necessary to define the shape and position.



21.00



Deep-hole drilling

Drilling

Tapping

Thread milling



Slot milling



Figure milling
(circles, rectangles,
equilateral polygons)



ICP contour milling



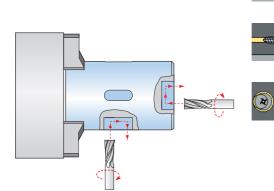
Face milling (single surface, flat surface, polygon)



Helical slot milling

smart.Turn units and DIN PLUS cycles for millina

 \mathbb{C}





20

Face and lateral-surface milling

smart.Turn units and DIN PLUS cycles for drillina

Hobbing

Hobbing allows you to conveniently and cost-effectively manufacture high-value gear teeth. The CNC PILOT 640 enables the complete machining of straight and angled gear teeth in a single clamping, calculating and executing all motion sequences from a cycle.

Contour and pocket milling

The milling cycles of the CNC PILOT 640 support both contour milling and pocket milling. You define all of the important details, such as the machining direction, milling direction, approach behavior, departure behavior, feed rates, etc. The CNC PILOT 640 then automatically accounts for the cutter radius. You can mill the pocket with a roughing stage and a finishing stage, resulting in high accuracy and excellent surface quality.

The CNC PILOT 640 supports different plunging strategies during smart. Turn and DIN programming. You can choose between direct, reciprocating, or helical infeeds, or an infeed at the pre-drilling position.

Face milling

The face milling cycle machines individual surfaces, equilateral polygons, or a circle, even off-center ones.

Helical slot milling

The helical slot milling function is ideal for the machining of lubrication grooves. You simply enter all key parameters, such as the pitch, milling multiple infeeds, etc.

Engraving cycles

Would you like to inscribe your workpieces? That's no problem with the CNC PILOT 640. With just a few parameters, the smart.Turn engraving units can inscribe characters of any size on a face or lateral surface, or in the XY or YZ plane.

On the front face, the characters can be arranged in a line or an arc. You can define the angle at which the characters are arranged on the lateral surface, and when engraving with the Y axis. The time function lets you engrave the current date and time on your workpiece.

The engraving cycles are also available as DIN PLUS cycles.

Deburring

The CNC PILOT 640 supports special units and DIN PLUS cycles for deburring, letting you program this operation with just a few parameters.

Trochoidal milling

Trochoidal milling lets you efficiently machine various pocket shapes (circles, rectangles, and polygons) and any desired slot. Roughing is performed with circular movements superimposed onto forward linear motion. Trochoidal milling enables high removal rates and reduces chatter.

Expandable for all cases

Single-setup machining, including C and Y axis (option)

The CNC PILOT 640 offers the right solution for any machining task and machine design: it enables complex machining operations with the C axis or Y axis, as well as single-setup machining on machines with a counter spindle.

You can also choose between the programming modes DIN PLUS, smart.Turn, and Teach-in for C-axis, Y-axis, and single-setup machining.

C axis or positionable spindle*

For more demanding tasks, the CNC PILOT 640 supports a C axis or positionable spindle and a driven tool. The driven tool makes it possible to drill off-center and to tap holes while the main spindle is at rest. The C axis or positionable spindle permits milling and drilling operations on the front face and lateral surface of the workpiece. For programming and inspecting these machining sections, the workpiece is shown in the front face view and in the unrolled lateral surface view.

Y axis*

The CNC PILOT 640 lets you create slots or pockets with even surfaces and vertical slot angles using the Y axis. You can define the position of the milling contours on the workpiece by defining the spindle angle. For programming and verifying these machining sections, the workpiece is shown in the side and front face views. The Y axis is supported in the smart. Turn and DIN programming modes.

Counter-spindle expansion

For full-surface lathes, the CNC PILOT 640 provides the following control features:

Counter spindle with second C axis
Movable tailstock (W axis)

Further assistance is provided by additional functions, such as coordinate transformation, spindle synchronization, and traversing to a fixed stop.

* The machine and control must be adapted by the machine manufacturer for this function.

Coordinate transformation

The contours of workpiece blanks and finished parts can be mirrored about the X axis or shifted relative to the workpiece datum.

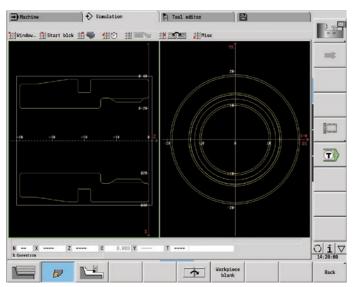
Spindle synchronization

The two spindles are electronically coupled and rotate synchronously. This makes it possible to transfer the workpiece from one spindle to the other in mid-rotation, thereby saving time otherwise spent braking and starting the spindles. The CNC PILOT 640 records any angular offset, taking it into account during later milling operations on the counter spindle.

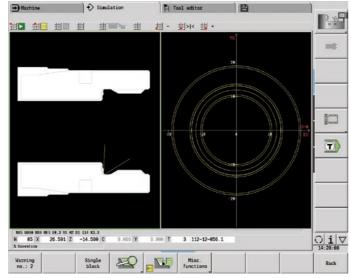
Traversing to a fixed stop

To ensure that the workpiece is firmly pressed onto the opposing spindle surface, the control monitors the nominal and actual positions during traversing of the counter spindle, thereby detecting the fixed stop.

The CNC PILOT 640 monitors the motor torque and uses it to reach the programmed contact force.



Graphical contour programming for C-axis machining (milling and drilling)

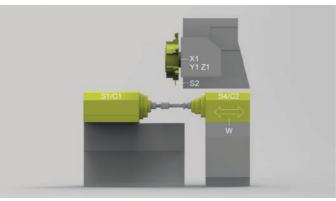


First clamping

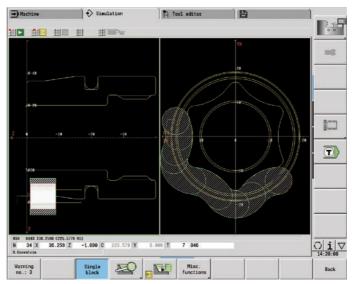
Eccentric turning and non-circular turning*

The CNC PILOT 640 provides convenient cycles for eccentric turning operations and for making non-circular turned parts. In this case, alongside actual contour machining, additional traversing movements of the X and Y axes are synchronously superimposed onto the rotational movement of the spindle. Eccentric and non-circular parts can therefore be machined without additional mechanical elements.

* The machine and control must be adapted by the machine manufacturer for this function.



Single-setup machining: counter spindle (S3) with C axis (C2) on auxiliary axis (W) and driven tool (S2).



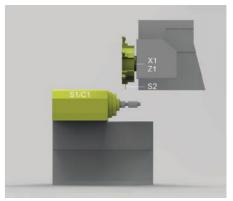
Rear-face machining on the counter spindle after automatic workpiece transfer

Cycle G808 HOBBING allows you to machine external cylindrical gears or helical gears of any angle. During hobbing, the rotations of the tool and the spindle are synchronized while the cutter moves along

External gear hobbing

the workpiece axially.

Cycle G808 automatically controls these complex movements and allows you to conveniently enter all of the relevant values. You can use gear parameters directly from your drawing, and the cycle will use them to calculate the sequence of motion.



Spindle 1 (S1) with C axis (C1), as well as driven tool (S2)



Expandable for all cases

Machining with the B axis and simultaneous machining

The B axis makes it possible to perform drilling and milling operations in oblique planes. At first glance, the programming work for these kinds of operations seems very complex and compute-intensive. But the CNC PILOT 640 lets you simply rotate the coordinate system to the desired angle and program the machining operation as usual in the main plane. The machine then executes the machining operation in the tilted working plane.

The B axis also features benefits for turning operations. By tilting the B axis and rotating the tool, you can bring the tool into positions that allow you to perform longitudinal and transverse machining on the main spindle and counter spindle with a single tool. You can thereby reduce the number of tools needed as well as eliminate certain tool changes.

Programming

The usual separation of the contour description and the machining operation on the CNC PILOT 640 also applies to drilling and milling operations in the tilted plane.

First, you rotate and shift the coordinate system so that it lies in the tilted plane. Then you define the hole pattern or the milling contour as you would in the YZ plane. The pattern and figure definitions of the CNC PILOT 640 are available to you in the process. This means that, for linear or circular patterns and simple figures (circles, rectangles, regular polygons, etc.), you only need a few entries to describe the pattern or figure in the tilted plane.

Simulation

In the Side View window, the simulation shows the hole pattern and milling contour perpendicularly to the tilted plane, and therefore without distortion. This ensures the easy verification of programmed hole patterns and milling contours. You can also verify the tool movements in the Side View window. If you want to check the machining operation in the tilted plane with respect to the turning contour or the front face, then add the Lathe Window or Front Window. In the position display, the CNC PILOT 640 shows the angle of the tilted plane and the tilt angle of the B axis (beneath the simulation window). Do you wish to view the currently active coordinate system? At a keystroke, the CNC PILOT 640 shows the current datum and direction of the valid coordinate system.

Flexible use of tools*

If your machine is equipped with a B axis, then you can use your tools much more flexibly than before. On conventional lathes, you need four different tools for longitudinal and transverse turning on main and counter spindles, but you can perform these tasks with just a single tool when you employ a B axis.

You simply tilt the B axis and rotate the tool to the normal position or to the position for machining from behind the workpiece, whichever is required for longitudinal or transverse turning on the main or counter spindle. All you need is a single call: the CNC PILOT 640 calculates the tool lengths, the tool angle, and the other tool data for you.

Tool-use flexibility is increased significantly when multiple tools are mounted in one holder. If you have a combination of a roughing, finishing, and recessing tool, for example, then you can complete essential parts of the turning and recessing process on the main spindle and counter spindle without a tool change. And programming is very easy. You simply indicate which tooth of the tool to use and then define the tilting angle and the tool position. This is sufficient because the CNC PILOT 640 already has the rest position and the data of each tool tooth in its database.

This type of flexibility reduces the number of tools you need, and you save on machining time by reducing the number of tool changes.

* The machine and the CNC PILOT 640 must be adapted for this function

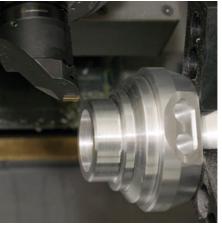




Machining in the tilted plane



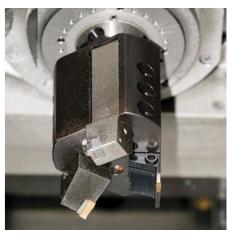
Facing and .



... longitudinal turning with the same tool ...

Simultaneous machining

The simultaneous roughing cycle and the simultaneous finishing cycle both adapt the inclination angle of the B axis to the workpiece contour during turning. During this process, the complex tool movements are continuously monitored in order to avoid collisions between the tool / tool holder and the workpiece. In simultaneous machining, the tool is continuously engaged at the optimal inclination angle, allowing you to attain perfect surfaces while increasing tool service life.



... and with multiple tools on one holder.

High-performance Teach-in mode (option)

Cycles, the pre-programmed working steps

Workpiece machining in Teach-in mode

For simple, non-recurring tasks, rework, or thread repair, the cycles of the CNC PILOT 640 simplify your work.

The help images illustrate the few entries needed for the cycles. Before cutting, use the simulation to assure yourself that machining will run as planned.

Thread-recut cycles

Even if the workpiece has been unclampled, you can easily recut the thread with the CNC PILOT 640.

Simply clamp the workpiece, and position the threading tool in the middle of a thread. The CNC PILOT 640 remembers this position along with the spindle angle. If you now position the tap in front of the workpiece and enter the other thread parameters, the CNC PILOT 640 has all the information it needs to recut this thread.

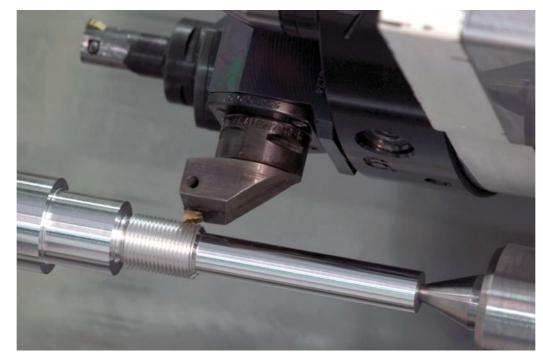
Fewer calculations

In Teach-in mode as well, the CNC PILOT 640 automatically calculates the proportioning of cuts during roughing, recessing, recess turning, or thread cutting and calculates the number of strokes required for deep-hole drilling. When turning a taper, you can enter either the starting point and the end point or the starting point and the taper anglewhichever is shown on your drawing.

Always available tool data

The CNC PILOT 640 uses a tool database. Tool data such as the cutting radius, tool angle, and point angle need to be entered only once for the setting dimensions to be determined. The CNC PILOT 640 saves the data. The next time you use the tool, simply call the tool number. The CNC PILOT 640 automatically considers the correct tool dimensions, and you can immediately machine to tolerance.

While a contour is being turned, the CNC PILOT 640 automatically compensates for the deviations arising from the cutter radius. This increases the precision of your workpiece.



Suggested technology data

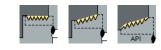
The CNC PILOT 640 stores your cutting data based on the workpiece material, tool material, and type of machining operation. Because you have already entered the cutting material into the tool definition, you only need to enter the material of your workpiece. This provides the cycle with all of the data required for suggesting the cutting data.

Reference points

You can define the **workpiece datum** by touching the workpiece with the tool or by entering the datum coordinates.

Approach the tool-change point once and

store this position. Afterwards, a simple cycle call suffices in order to return to the tool change point.



Single or multi-start longitudinal, taper, or API threads



Undercuts as per DIN 76, DIN 509 E, or DIN 509 F

Undercut form H, form K,



or form U



Parting

Threads, undercuts, parting







Longitudinal/transverse cutting with plunging

Longitudinal/transverse cutting for

Longitudinal/transverse ICP cutting for any contours

simple contours



Longitudinal/transverse ICP cutting for parallel contours

Turning: cutting and finishing

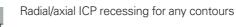


Radial/axial recessing for simple contours



Longitudinal/transverse recess turning for simple contours







Longitudinal/transverse ICP recess turning for any contours

Recessing and recess turning: cutting and finishing

26

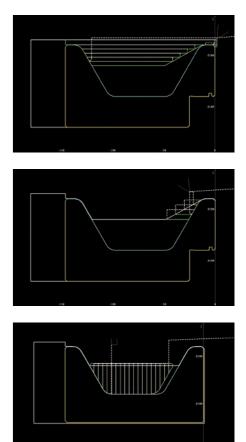
Protective zone for the spindle

For each traversing movement in the (–Z) direction, the CNC PILOT 640 checks whether the programmed protective zone is violated. If so, it stops the movement and issues an error message.

Teach-in with contour follow-up

You can activate "contour follow-up" by defining a workpiece blank.

As a result, the current workpiece blank is known to every Teach-in cycle so that air cuts are avoided. This is possible with any kind of turning operation.



Multi-channel machining with multiple slides

Easily program complex machining

Regardless of whether multiple slides are machining a single workpiece or multiple workpieces are being machined simultaneously in the workspace, the challenge for the NC programmer is to optimally divide the machining operation between the available slides and spindles.

Programming

The command set of the CNC PILOT 640 takes into account machining for complex machines. Special four-axis cycles and synchronization commands facilitate the creation of NC programs for machines with multiple slides. The assignment of program sections to slides or spindles gives the NC program a clear structure.

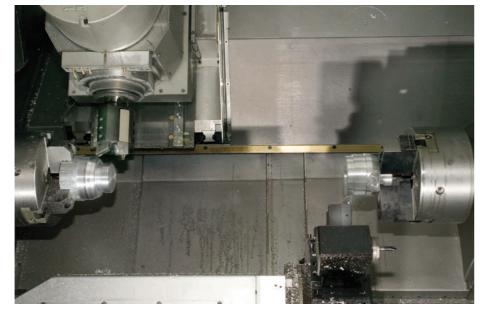
By mirroring and/or moving the contour, and by converting special NC commands, it is also easy to program turning operations that use the counter spindle, as well as rear-side drilling and milling operations, for nearly any machine design.

Simulation

The graphical simulation shows all of the workpieces and the tool movements of all slides. The CNC PILOT 640 takes the entire work envelope into account. The tools and chucking equipment are shown to scale.

The graphical simulation also features a high degree of flexibility. You define what is displayed in the simulation window. You can specify whether the window for lathe, front-face or lateral machining is shown, or a combination of them. You can also specify whether only the NC blocks of a certain slide are displayed, or the NC blocks of all slides.

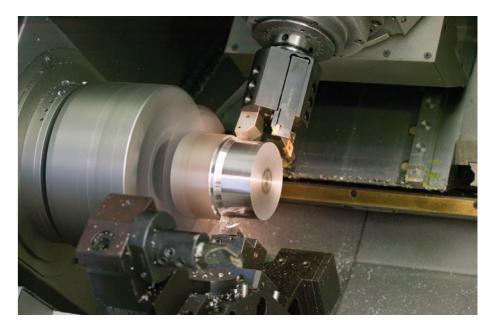
With this support, you can effectively and thoroughly check complex, multi-slide programs before making the first cut.

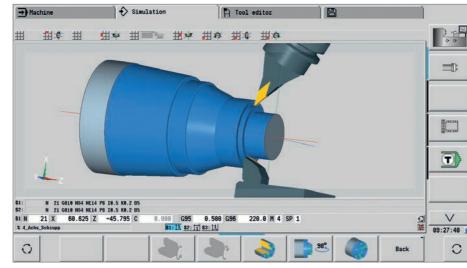


Synchronous point analysis

Synchronous point analysis shows the chronological sequence of the machining operation and the interdependency of the slides.

During the simulation, the CNC PILOT 640 calculates the machining time, nonproductive time, and waiting time, as well as all tool changes and synchronous points. Synchronous point analysis graphically depicts the times, tool changes, and synchronous points for each slide, making the machining sequence transparent. This is a good basis upon which the NC programmer can analyze and optimize the machining operation.







art.Tur	:n) F	Tool edi	tor		Machine par.		
0.0	00 T	0 ×	0.0000 ·	T I	0 X 0.0000 Z 0.0000		100 150 500 U/min 02	F
0.0	00 ID		0 1	ID	0	C 1 0 50	100 150 02	
0.0	00 📷		000 <u>r</u>]	12€	0.000	X1° **	100 150 12	TO I
0.0 360	rps B1	9.000 W 1 4	0.000	1 F 100	S 1 100%	X ₂ °	100 150 04	END PGM
1]	Shaft_tr	ide_shov_er	ngraving.nc	: (\$2) .	Shaft_tra	de_shov_engrava	.ng.nc (\$3)	DEF ON
- \$11 \$11 \$1 \$1 \$2	N 128 N 129	G326 S50 G59 Z510 G14 Q8	999	435	2 N 156 2 N 157 2 N 158 2 N 159	UNIT ID"HNH_Ex: [<unit id="HI
L" op_beg"="" v1<br="">L"No_Bea" V0 L"OP_END" V1 END_OF_UNIT S10</unit>	H_Exampl LA3 [OP: LA3 —	M87 OFF M88 OFF
\$1	\$2\$3 N 131				[// S6 1 N 161 1 N 162	UNIT ID"HNH_Ex: (<unit beg"="" id="HNH_Ex:
L" op="" td="" v1<=""><td>n - längs… ample_OPE… WH_Exampl…</td><td></td></unit>	n - längs… ample_OPE… WH_Exampl…	
- \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2 \$2		UNIT ID"H	ID="HNH_Exa G" V1 LAO L	_OPE \$	1 N 164 1 N 165 1 N 166	L"1883" V8 L"OP_END" V1 END_OF_UNIT S33	LA8 226797356	▽ 87:13:53
	Channel display				Base blocks		Back	0

Tool data and cutting data are readily available

The tool and technology database of the CNC PILOT 640

Tool database

The standard tool database of the CNC PILOT 640 stores 250 tools. This tool memory can be expanded to 999 tools (option). The CNC PILOT 640 differentiates between different types of turning, drilling, and milling tools. The data to be entered vary based on the tool type, ensuring that all of the important parameters are specified despite reduced data input.

The tool data are entered with the help of dialog prompts in which you enter parameters such as the cutting-edge radius, tool angle, point angle, cutting material, and tool description. The data to be input is explained through contextsensitive help images.

Tool list

In the tool list, the CNC PILOT 640 presents you with the complete tool data in a clear format. Various sorting criteria can help you guickly find the desired tool.

This list not only gives you a good overview of your tools, but it is also serves as the basis for transferring tool data during manual machining and for the creation of NC programs.

Wear compensation

The CNC PILOT 640 can easily compensate for tool wear both in the X axis and in the Z axis. You can enter the compensation values at any time, even while the workpiece is being machined.

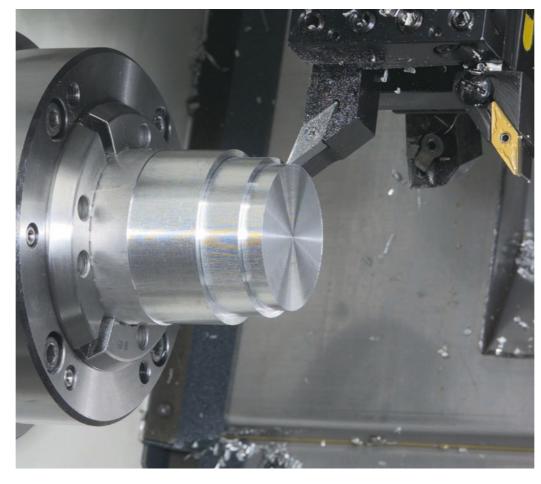
Tool measurement

For measuring tools directly at the machine, the CNC PILOT 640 offers multiple possibilities:

- Via "touching off" the workpiece
- Via an optical gauge* (option): the tool is manually moved into the crosshairs of an optical gauge, and the value is saved with a keystroke.
- Via a tool touch probe* (option): the tool moves in the direction of measurement. Upon triggering of the tool touch probe (e.g., the TT 160 touch trigger probe) with a cuboid probe contact, the setting dimension can be determined and stored.

Using an optical gauge or tool touch probe for tool measurement makes determining the tool data particularly easy, reliable, and accurate.

* The machine and CNC PILOT 640 must be adapted by the machine manufacturer for this function.



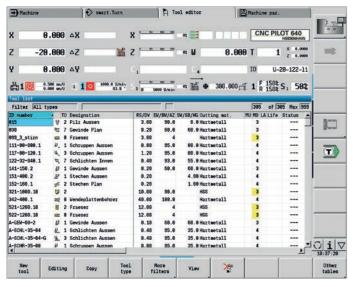
Turret assignment

You can view your machine's programmed turret assignment with all of the important tool parameters at any time.

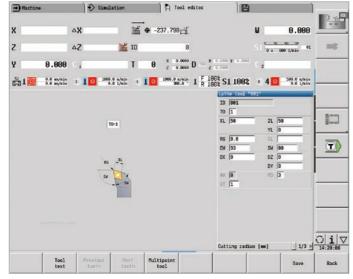
If you wish to change the tool assignment or the tools in the turret, you can also display the tool database entries in the lower window. Then you only need to select the desired turret pocket and the proper tool from the database. You can apply the tool data to the turret assignment entry at the stroke of a key.

Tool life monitoring (option)

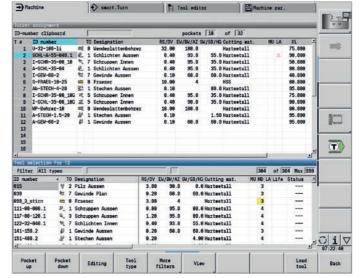
For smart.Turn and DIN PLUS programs, you can use the "Tool Life Monitoring with Replacement Tool" option along with simple tool life monitoring. The CNC PILOT 640 then automatically inserts a replacement tool as soon as the active tool is worn out. When the last tool in the tool sequence is worn out, the CNC PILOT 640 stops program execution.



Tool management in the tool list







Tool selection for turret assignment

Pre Rou Fin Cor Pan Cor Cor Re Taj Mi De En

Technology Data (option)

With the CNC PILOT 640, cutting data need to be recorded only once. The control saves these data based on the criteria of workpiece material, cutting material, and type of machining operation. Thanks to this three-dimensional table, the control always knows the correct feed rate and the correct cutting speed.

The CNC PILOT 640 determines the type of machining operation based on the teachin cycle or the unit. The cutting material is entered with the tool description. Now all you need to do is declare the material at the start of your cycle program or smart.Turn program, and the CNC PILOT 640 suggests the correct values for your machining operation. You can use the cutting values or modify them as needed.

By default, the technology database of the CNC PILOT 640 stores the cutting data for nine combinations of workpiece materials and tool materials. It can be expanded to up to a total of 62 combinations (option). Every combination of workpiece material and tool material contains the cutting speed, the main feed rate and secondary feed rate, and the infeed for 16 types of machining operation.

Vork esterial:							
ting data for							
	CUTMAT		FDR	AFDR	DEP		
drilling	Carbide	98	0.25	. 0	0		100
ghing	Carbide	299	8.35	9.25	5		
ishing	Carbide	229	0.15	8.1	0		
ead cutting	Carbide	129	8	0	0		
tour recessg.	Carbide	159	8.25	8.2	0		
ting	Carbide	148	8.25	8.18	0		1
tering	Carbide	8		0	0		
lling	Carbide	88	8.28	0	8		
ntersinking	Carbide	8	8	0	0		
ming	Carbide	8		0	0		
ping	Carbide	68	8	0	0		Terrer a
ling	Carbide	64	0.85	9.62	5		
ish milling	Carbide	74	0.03	9.61	5		-
urring	Carbide			0	0		T
raving	Carbide		8	8	8		
ess turning	Carbide	168	8.5	8.3	5		
ting speed				m/sin	Min 8.868, Max 1866	0.000 TNC:\table\techdat	a.hte O i V
upied: 3 data	records(of #	axisus 62)					14:20:60
New a record		1. data		Edit	22	Back	

Input of cutting values in the technology editor

Open for external information

Fully digital job management with Connected Machining

The smooth exchange of knowledge is crucial for the success of a company. In order for knowledge to be transferred rapidly and without loss, e-mail communication capability is just as important as the continuous availability of electronic production documents or the transfer of data to ERP and productionactivity control systems. Tool and raw material inventories, tool data, workholding drawings, CAD data, NC programs, and inspection instructions must all be available to machine operators on all shifts. Costeffective manufacturing therefore requires an efficient process chain and a networked control

The CNC PILOT 640, with its Connected Machining package of functions, integrates itself flexibly into your process chain and helps you to optimize the transfer of knowledge within your company. So let your workshop, as well, benefit from all of

the information available within your company. Connected Machining makes uniformly digital job management possible within a networked manufacturing environment. You thereby benefit from the following:

- Ease of data usage
- Time-saving procedures
- Transparent processes

The networked CNC PILOT 640

Integrate the CNC PILOT 640 with the functions of **Connected Machining** into your corporate network and, via the control, connect the shop floor to PCs. programming stations, and other data storage media in these areas of the company:

- Design
- Programming
- Simulation
- Production planning
- Production

Even the basic version of the CNC PILOT 640 is equipped with two Gigabit Ethernet ports of the latest generation. The CNC PILOT 640 communicates with NFS servers and Windows networks in the TCP/IP protocol without additional software. The fast data transfer of up to 1000 Mbit/s ensures very short transmission times. The CNC PILOT 640 therefore offers the optimal technological platform for **Connected Machining**, the networking of the control in the shop with all

production-related areas of your company.

Standard range of functions

In order for you to be able to use the data that you have transferred to the CNC PILOT 640 via the standard network connection, the CNC PILOT 640 offers attractive applications, even in its standard range of functions. The PDF viewer or Mozilla Firefox web browser enable the simplest form of **Connected Machining**: access to production process data directly on the control. As a result, operating webbased documentation and ERP systems is just as easy as accessing your e-mail account. The following other file formats can also be opened directly on the CNC PILOT 640:

- Text files ending in .txt or .ini
- Graphics files ending in .gif, .bmp, .jpg, or .png
- Table files ending in .xls or .csv
- HTML files

Data transfer with Connected Machining

Another solution for full digital job management from **Connected Machining** is the free-of-charge **TNCremo** PC software. With it, you can

- bidirectionally transfer remotely stored part programs and tool or pallet tables, including over the Ethernet, and
- start the machine.

With the powerful TNCremoPlus PC software, you can also transfer the screen contents of the control to your PC using the live-screen function.

Job-related data

With **REMOTE DESKTOP MANAGER** (option 133), you can operate a Windows

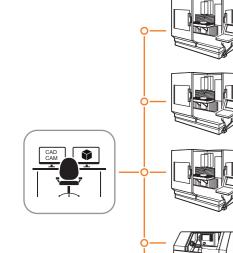
PC from the CNC PILOT 640. On the control, you gain direct access to EDP systems within the process chain and make your machine setup processes significantly more efficient by reducing inconvenient legwork between the machine and the office. Technical drawings, CAD data, NC programs, tool data, work instructions, parts lists, and warehouse information are digitally available at the machine. E-mails can be sent and received with ease. With a simple keystroke on the machine operating panel, you can switch between the control screen and the screen of the Windows PC. The PC can be a computer in the local network or an industrial PC (IPC) in the electrical cabinet of the machine.

Detailed data for the optimal organization of production processes **HEIDENHAIN DNC¹⁾** enables, among other things, the connection of CNC PILOT controls to inventory management and production-activity control systems. Automatic feedback messages about currently running production processes, for example, can be set up over this interface.

¹⁾ The machine must be adapted by the machine manufacturer for this function.

CAD

One aspect of Connected Machining is the **StateMonitor**²⁾ PC software, which gives you access to the status of the current machining operation. You can use the software with any device that has a web browser. This allows you to use StateMonitor not only on your control or PC but also on your smartphone or tablet. On a well-designed display, you can quickly gain an overview of the current machine status or see whether any machine messages are pending. This allows you





to react immediately and take appropriate action. You can also easily configure StateMonitor to send you an e-mail for specific events, such as at the end of a program, for a machine stop, or for a servicing message.

²⁾ Option 18 is required

Component monitoring

During their lifecycle, load-sustaining machine components such as guideways and ball screws exhibit wear, thus causing the quality of axis motion to diminish. This, in turn, affects production quality. With Component Monitoring (option 155) and a cycle, the control is able to measure the current condition of the machine. As a result, any deviations from the machine's shipping condition due to wear and aging can be measured. The machine manufacturer can read and evaluate the data, and react using predictive maintenance, thereby avoiding unplanned machine downtimes.



Open for external information

The DataPilot CP 640 programming station

DataPilot CP 640 is the PC programming station for the CNC PILOT 640 and is the organizational system for the shop floor and master tradesman's office.

DataPilot CP 640 is the ideal complement to the CNC PILOT 640 for program creation, archiving, and training.

Creating programs

Programming, testing, and optimizing smart.Turn or DIN PLUS programs with the programming station significantly reduces machine idle times. This does not require a major shift in thinking, because, with DataPilot, programming and testing are performed in the same manner as on the lathe. DataPilot is based on the same software that is in the control. This also gives you the assurance that a program created with DataPilot can be immediately run on the machine.

Archiving programs

Although the CNC PILOT 640 has a large memory capacity, we recommend saving the created program on an external system as well. The CNC PILOT 640 has a USB and an Ethernet interface. This gives you everything you need in order to integrate the CNC PILOT 640 into your existing network or to connect the DataPilot PC directly with the control.

Convenient program transfer functions support programming as well as archiving on the DataPilot PC.

System requirements

work on the machine.

Training with DataPilot CP 640

ideally suited for training purposes.

cycles, or executing smart. Turn or

DataPilot. This gives trainees the

confidence they will need for later

Because DataPilot CP 640 is based on the

same software as the CNC PILOT 640, it is

Programming and program testing on the

DataPilot PC are performed in exactly the

same way as on the machine. Even setup

functions such as defining the workpiece

datum, measuring tools, running individual

DIN PLUS programs are simulated with

The DataPilot software can run on PCs with the Windows 7, 8, 8.1, or Windows 10 (64-bit) operating systems.

Do you have guestions about a programming step, but your User's Manual is not at hand? That's not a problem: The CNC PILOT 640 and DataPilot CP 640 feature the convenient TURNguide help system with which the user documentation can be displayed in a separate window.

You activate TURNguide by simply pressing the Info key on the keyboard.

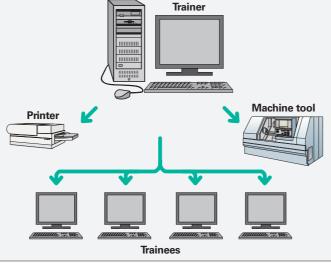
In most cases, TNCguide directly displays the information in the proper context (context-sensitive help). This means that you immediately receive the information that you need. This function is particularly helpful when you program cycles. The cycle's principle of operation is explained as soon as you press the Info key in an open dialog box.

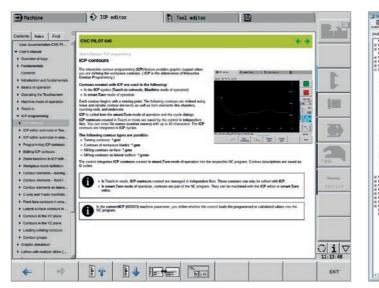
You can download the documentation in the desired language from the HEIDENHAIN homepage to the corresponding language directory on your control.

The help system contains the following manuals:

- CNC PILOT 640 User's Manual • smart.Turn and DIN Programming User's Manual
- DataPilot CP 640 user's manual (installed only with a programming station)







TURNguide integrated into the control, e.g., on the CNC PILOT 640

An A E-	
en Sutien Erroten	PILOT 540
ers Marker enview of keys	
	Auriuli / Macheler mode, nf operation / Muchiles lattup
duction and fundamentats Defini	ing the workpiece datum
ics of operation rating the Touchscreen in the did	alog. the distance between the machine datum and the workgiece datum (sito) known
thre nots of specific as offset	et) is shown as XN and ZN. If the uptrojece datum is changed, the display values will used accordingly.
Sutchest / Sutcheff Nachra data	
Picket table intup	n - 4 -
Nachre eitig	
23 Detrong sharts 12 Acc reference sur	
33 Seting the protection zone 33 Cellring the tool shange poetic	
Senng Carls volume	
Setting up mechine dimensions Calibrating the tool towith probe	
Captering speating times Cantiguing the HR 555FS wile	
1) Setting the splitter time	
Tool measurement. Manual operation	The workpiece datum can also be set in the Z axis using a touch probe. When setting the datum, the control checks which type of tool is
Teach in subnode U	currently active. If you select the Workpiece datum setup function and a touch probe is inserted, the control automatically adjusts the input form. Press NC start to start the measuring process.
Load wontoing bytional?	
Pogen nerapenent Setting 1	the workpiece datum
	- Bring Barry
Conversion and Diffitures Intelligent	* Select Sotup
Conversion into Diffitional Unito of measure white	+ Select Sonap
Conversion and Difflormat Units of measure scher programming office simulation	- Salvet Sehap - Salvet Sat avis value
Conversion rets Difference United Interestive activity for consultation rest of strukture schere Control 153	
Conversion etc. Diff turing Unit of measure active fangesawing the with inutation free with inutation of and decivology database projection mode of genetion	
Converse Ist 2015ane Units of nearch sche angewang pho smutch nearch and schology data set yeardon make digestion loss and centores meta of cyclis	- Salect Set and value - Track the sorpers daw, (and fase) - Davie the sorpers a thrustypes daws 2 - 9
Conversion role 2011 turne Units of measure chine programming for annulation remine state states and remine of cycles teach monotogy induces to and monotogy measure of cycles to an of	- Salect Set and value - Track the sorpers daw, (and fase) - Davie the sorpers a thrustypes daws 2 - 9
Converse Ist 2015ane Units of nearch sche angewang pho smutch nearch and schology data set yeardon make digestion loss and centores meta of cyclis	Solvet for axis value Touch the scripters datum (and fase) Define the port as the vertures datum 2 + 0 Advertaine. Effect the plateste Solvers The tool and the uphysics datum as Measuring pt, coordinate 2
Conserve 20 Officine Walt of means white any comparison one of multiple solution VBD rear of multiple solution rear of mult	Solicit Set axis value Touch the sortpaces datum links (pos) Define the point as the workpaces datum Z = 0 Advantum: Even the obtained between the total and the untry acceleration as Measuring pt, coordinate Z Advantum: Eventure status 2 = 0
Converse H2 DPN terme United of means sch-te sphce multiclion and methodige attest Extension 1520 and methodige attest and methodige attest method of cycles	Solvert Set anis velow Touche surgices dubum (and box) Cubre the port of a the unitypest dubum 2 + 0 Administic Save the optimized dubum 2 + 0 The control of a strategies that accepted stature 2 The control of a strategies dubum 2 - 0 Administic Mathematica dubum 2 - optimized stature 2 Administic Mathematica dubum 2 - optimized stature 2
Consequence 2014/strate Una manuare programma in and an and an and an and an and and an and an and an and an and and and and an and an and an and and and and an and an and an and and and an and an and an and an and and and an and an and an and an and and and an and an and an and an and and and an and an and an and an and and and an and an and an and an and and an and an and an and an an an an an an an an an an and an	Solvert Set anis velow Solver the excitoses during and basis Durine the excitoses at the excitoses during 2 + 0 Administry Easier the contractes during 2 + 0 The control of calculate the excitoses during 2 Administry Matchine during 2 = 2
Conserve 20 Officiane Under Treasure active active der Sondard The official Active Office Office Server Sharekong Server Sharekong	Soluci Set anis value Touch the scorpers datum (and face) Define this port as the scorpers datum 2 = 0 Advantume. Easier the scorpers datum 2 = 0 Touch and the scorpers datum 2 = 0 Touch and the scorpers datum 2 = 0 Touch and the scorpers datum 2 = 0 Advantume. This makes it possible to enter the datum such directly in ZM
Conception 2015/Intera Uniter program 2015 and conception 2015 and	Solicit Set anii value Touch the vortpace datum (and loss) Advantume. Crain the vortpaces datum 2 and the voltpaces datum as Measuring pt. coordinate 2 Touch the datum 2 is vortpaces datum 2 (and the voltpace) Advantume. The makes it possible to ensure the datum thill directly in ZM Advantume. The makes it possible to ensure the datum thill directly in ZM Paces the Same Same Same Same Same Same Same Sam

... or on the programming station.

Measuring workpieces

Machine setup, setting presets, and measuring with touch trigger probes

Tool measurement

Determine the length, radius, and level of wear directly in the machine

Inspecting workpieces for completed

machining and dimensional accuracy The CNC PILOT 640 features measuring cycles for checking the geometry of the machined workpieces. To do this, simply insert a 3D touch probe from HEIDENHAIN into the turret instead of a tool:

- Check whether all of the machining operations have been properly performed
- Determine infeeds for finishing
- Detect and compensate for tool wear
- Inspect workpiece geometry and sort parts
- Log measured data
- Ascertain the machining trend

The workpiece touch probes from HEIDENHAIN help reduce costs in the shop and for serial production. Setup, measurement, and control functions can be automatically executed in conjunction with the touch probe cycles of the CNC PILOT 640.

The stylus of a TS touch trigger probe is deflected upon contact with a workpiece surface. In that instant, the TS generates a triggering signal that, depending on the model, is transmitted to the control either by cable, radio transmission, or an infrared beam.

HEIDENHAIN touch probes* for workpiece measurement are available in various designs. The ball tips, which are made of ruby, are available in different diameters and with various stylus lengths.

* The touch probes must be adapted to the CNC PILOT 640 by the machine manufacturer.

Touch probes with **signal transmission** via cable for machines with manual tool changing, as well as for grinding machines

and lathes: TS 260: new generation, axial or radial

cable connection TS 248: like the TS 260 but with reduced

deflection forces

TS 150: compact dimensions and high probing accuracy

Touch probes with radio or infrared signal transmission for machines with an automatic tool changer:

TS 460: new generation standard touch probe for radio and infrared transmission, with compact dimensions

TS 740: high probing accuracy and repeatability, low probing force, featuring infrared transmission

Exact measurement of the tool dimensions is a decisive factor in ensuring a consistently high level of production quality. The TT tool touch trigger probes from HEIDENHAIN serve this purpose.

TT 160 : new generation, signal transmission to the NC via a cable

TT 460: new generation, signal transmission to transceiver via radio and infrared beam

The SE 660 is a transceiver for tool and workpiece touch probes using radio or infrared transmission.

The TT 160 and TT 460 are 3D touch trigger probes for the measurement and inspection of tools. The disk-shaped probe contact of the TT is deflected during tactile probing of a tool. In that instant, the TT generates a trigger signal that is transmitted to the control, where it is then further processed. The trigger signal is generated by means of a wear-free and highly reliable optical sensor.



(**D**) Further information:

You can find detailed descriptions of workpiece touch probes on the Internet at www.heidenhain.com or in the Touch Probes for Machine Tools brochure.





Further information:

You can find detailed descriptions of tool touch probes on the Internet at www.heidenhain.com or in the Touch Probes for Machine Tools brochure.

Thanks to its robust design and high protection rating, these tool touch probes can be installed in the machining envelope of the machine tool, where they enable tool measurement directly inside the machine. Fast, easy, and particularly precise tool measurement is the result. The tool touch probes from HEIDENHAIN are an ideal addition for improving the efficiency and quality of your production system.



Overview User functions

User functions	Standard	Option	
Configuration	•	0-6 55+0-6 70+0-6 54+0-6 94+0-6 132+0-6	
Operating modes Manual operation	•	11	Manual slide movement through axis-direction keys, an intermediate switch, or electronic handwheels Graphical support for entering and running cycles without storage of the machining steps, in direct alternation with manual machine operation Thread rework (thread repair) in a second workpiece setup
Teach-in mode		8	Sequential arrangement of fixed cycles, with each cycle being run immediately after input or graphically simulated and subsequently saved
Program run	•	9 8	In Single Block mode or Full Sequence mode: DIN PLUS programs smart.Turn programs Cycle programs
Setup functions	•	17 17 17	Setting the workpiece datum Defining the tool-change point Defining the protection zone Defining machine dimensions Manual programs Tool measurement by touching the workpiece Tool measurement with a TT tool touch probe Tool measurement with an optical gauge Workpiece measurement with a TS workpiece touch probe
Programming Cycle programming		8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 55 8+55 8+55 8+55 8+5	Turning cycles for simple or complex contours, and contours described with ICP Contour-parallel turning cycles Recessing cycles for simple or complex contours, and contours described with ICP Repetitions with recessing cycles Recess turning cycles for simple or complex contours, and contours described with ICP Undercut and parting cycles Engraving cycles Threading cycles for single or multi-start longitudinal, taper, or API threads, and threads with variable pitch Cycles for axial and radial drilling, deep-hole drilling, and tapping operations with the C axis Thread milling with the C axis Axial and radial milling cycles for slots, figures, single surfaces, and centric polygon surfaces, and for complex contours described with ICP for machining with the C axis Helical slot milling (multi-start) with the C axis Deburring of ICP contours Linear and circular patterns for drilling and milling operations with the C axis Context-sensitive help images Transfer of cutting values from the technology database Use of DIN macros in cycle programs Conversion of cycle programs to smart.Turn programs

User functions			
	Standard	Option	
Interactive Contour Programming (ICP)		8/9 8/9 8/9 8/9 8/9 8/9 8/9+55 9+70 8/9+55+ 70+132 8/9+42	Contour definition with linear an Immediate display of entered co Calculation of missing coordinat Graphical display of all solutions Chamfers, rounding arcs, and ur Input of form elements immedia Changes to existing contours ca Machining attributes available fo C-axis machining on the front fac Description of individual holes Description of figures and figu Creation of freely definable m Y-axis machining on the XY and Z Description of figures and figu Creation of figures and figu Creation of freely definable m Programming of the rear face for DXF Import: importing of contour
smart.Turn programming	•	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9+55/70 9+55+ 135 9+55 9+55/70 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	The basis is the "unit," which is technology, and cycle data) Dialog boxes divided into overvie Fast navigation between the for Context-sensitive help images Start unit with global settings Transfer of global values from th Transfer of cutting values from th Units for all turning and recessin Units for all turning and recessin Units for drilling and milling oper drilling and milling patterns tha Units for trochoidal milling oper drilling oper and milling oper drilling and milling oper all to hobbing (machining of g Special units for activating/deact repeats Verification graphics for the worl contours Turret assignment and other set Parallel programming Parallel simulation Trochoidal milling Hobbing Multiple plunging Batch Mode (automatic execution
TURN PLUS		63	Automatic smart. Turn program g • Automatic tool selection • Automatic turret assignment • Automatic calculation of the c • Automatic generation of the n machining (with option 55) and • Automatic cutting limit throug • Automatic generation of work • Automatic generation of work

nd circular contour elements contour elements

ates, intersections, etc.

s for selection by the user if more than one solution is possible undercuts available as form elements

liately during contour creation or through later superimposition can be programmed

for individual contour elements

ace and lateral surface:

es and hole patterns (only in smart.Turn)

gure patterns for milling (only in smart.Turn)

milling contours

ZY planes (only in smart.Turn):

es and hole patterns

gure patterns for milling operations

milling contours

for complete machining with the C and Y axes

ours for lathe and milling operations

the complete description of a machining block (geometry,

view and detail forms

orms and the input groups via the "smart" keys

he start unit

the technology database

ing operations for simple contours and ICP contours

erations with the C or Y axis for holes, milling contours, and

hat are simple or that have been programmed with ICP

rations for pockets and slots

gear teeth)

ctivating the C axis, as well as for subroutines and section

rkpiece blank and finished part, as well as for C- and Y-axis

etup information in the smart.Turn program

ion of multiple different main programs)

generation with:

cutting data

machining sequence in all working planes, including for C-axis nd Y-axis machining (with option 70)

igh chucking equipment

rk blocks for rechucking during complete machining

• Automatic generation of work blocks for rear-face machining (with option 132)

Overview User functions (continued)

DIN PLUS programming	uoitdo 55 70 131/132 132 8/9 9	Programming in DIN 66025 Expanded command format (IF THEN ELSE) Simplified geometry programming (calculation of missing data) Powerful fixed cycles for area clearance, recessing, recess turning, and thread machining Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the C axis Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the Y axis Subprograms Technology functions for complete machining: • Traversing to a fixed stop • Controlled parting • Spindle synchronism • Mirroring and converting • Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart. Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
DIN PLUS programming	55 70 131/132 132 8/9	Expanded command format (IF THEN ELSE) Simplified geometry programming (calculation of missing data) Powerful fixed cycles for area clearance, recessing, recess turning, and thread machining Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the C axis Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the Y axis Subprograms Technology functions for complete machining: • Traversing to a fixed stop • Controlled parting • Spindle synchronism • Mirroring and converting • Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
programming	70 131/132 132 8/9	Expanded command format (IF THEN ELSE) Simplified geometry programming (calculation of missing data) Powerful fixed cycles for area clearance, recessing, recess turning, and thread machining Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the C axis Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the Y axis Subprograms Technology functions for complete machining: • Traversing to a fixed stop • Controlled parting • Spindle synchronism • Mirroring and converting • Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	70 131/132 132 8/9	Powerful fixed cycles for area clearance, recessing, recess turning, and thread machining Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the C axis Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the Y axis Subprograms Technology functions for complete machining: • Traversing to a fixed stop • Controlled parting • Spindle synchronism • Mirroring and converting • Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	70 131/132 132 8/9	Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the C axis Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the Y axis Subprograms Technology functions for complete machining: • Traversing to a fixed stop • Controlled parting • Spindle synchronism • Mirroring and converting • Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	70 131/132 132 8/9	Powerful fixed cycles for drilling and milling with the Y axis Subprograms Technology functions for complete machining: • Traversing to a fixed stop • Controlled parting • Spindle synchronism • Mirroring and converting • Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	131/132 132 8/9	Subprograms Technology functions for complete machining: • Traversing to a fixed stop • Controlled parting • Spindle synchronism • Mirroring and converting • Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	132 8/9	 Traversing to a fixed stop Controlled parting Spindle synchronism Mirroring and converting Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart. Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming
•	132 8/9	 Controlled parting Spindle synchronism Mirroring and converting Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart. Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	132 8/9	 Spindle synchronism Mirroring and converting Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	132 8/9	 Mirroring and converting Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	8/9	Mechatronic tailstock Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•		Programming with variables Contour description with ICP Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•		Program verification graphics for workpiece blank and finished part Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
•	9	Turret assignment and other setup information in the DIN PLUS program Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
• • • imulation	9	Conversion of smart.Turn units into DIN PLUS command sequences Parallel programming Parallel simulation
imulation •	9	Parallel programming Parallel simulation
imulation •		Parallel simulation
imulation •		Graphical simulation of the cycle process, the cycle program, the smart. Turn program, or the
		DIN PLUS program
•		Depiction of the tool paths as pencil-trace or cutting-path graphics; special identification of
		the rapid traverse paths Machining simulation (2-D material-removal graphics)
	55	Side view or front face view, or 2-D view of (unrolled) cylindrical surface for verification of
		C-axis machining operations
•		Display of programmed contours
	54	View of the tilted plane (B-axis machining)
•		View of front face and YZ plane for verification of Y-axis machining
•	132	Three-dimensional rendering of the workpiece blank and finished part Simulation of mirrored contours for rear-face machining
	132	Shifting and magnifying functions
•		Block scan in the simulation
•		Depiction of multi-channel machining operations
oncurrent simulation •		Real-time depiction of currently running workpiece machining
-axis machining	54	Machining with the B axis
•	E A	Tilting the working plane
	54	Rotating the machining position of the tool
	9+54	Simultaneous turning
ccentric machining	135	Cycles for eccentric turning and for the manufacture of oval and polygonal contours
	135	Superimpositioning of traversing movements of the X and Y axes synchronously to the rotational motion of the spindle
Achining time analysis •		Calculation of machining times and idle times
•		Consideration of the switching commands triggered by the CNC
•		Representation of time per individual cycle or per tool change
Ionitoring function	151	Load monitoring: detection of tool wear and breakage during machining
	155	Component Monitoring: monitoring of component wear and overloading

User functions	Standard	Option	
Tool database	•	10	For 250 tools For 999 tools Tool description can be entered Automatic inspection of the too Compensation of the tool-tip po Fine compensation of tool via h tool table Automatic tool-tip and cutter ra Tool monitoring for the service workpieces Tool monitoring with an automa Management of multipoint tool Support of quick-change tool sy
Technology database		8/9 8/9 8/9 8/9 10	Access to cutting data upon de machining operation. The CN operations. Every combination speed, the main feed rate, the machining operation. Automatic determination of the machining unit The cutting data are entered in Nine combinations of workpiece 62 workpiece-material / tool-material
User administration	•		Configurable linkage of permiss • Logging on to the control wit • User-specific HOME folder for • Role-based access to the control with the control of th
Conversational languages	•		English, German, Czech, Frenc Finnish, Norwegian, Slovenian, Chinese (traditional and simplif

ed for every tool ool-tip position relative to the machining contour position in the X/Y/Z plane handwheel with application of compensation values in the

radius compensation e life of the indexable insert or of the number of produced

natic tool change after expiration of tool life iols (multiple inserts or reference points) systems

definition of workpiece material, cutting material, and the type of NC PILOT 640 differentiates between 16 types of machining tion of workpiece material and tool material contains the cutting the secondary feed rate, and the infeed for 16 types of

he type of machining operation from the cycle or the

n the cycle or in the unit as suggested values ece material and tool material (144 entries) naterial combinations (992 entries)

ssions to user roles vith a user account for simplified data management ontrol and network data

ich, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Dutch, Swedish, Danish, n, Slovak, Polish, Hungarian, Russian (Cyrillic), Romanian, Turkish, lified), Korean

Overview Options

Option number	Option	Starting with NC- Software 688946- 688947-	ID	Comment
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Additional Axis	01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 03	354540-01 353904-01 353905-01 367867-01 367868-01 370291-01 307292-01 370293-01	Additional control loops 1 to 8
8	Teach-In	01	632226-01	 Cycle programming Contour description with ICP Cycle programming Technology database with nine workpiece-material / tool-material combinations
9	smart.Turn	01	632227-01	 smart.Tum Contour description with ICP Programming with smart.Turn Technology database with nine workpiece-material / tool-material combinations
10	Tools and Technology	01	632228-01	 Tools and technology Tool database expanded to 999 entries Technology database expanded to 62 workpiece-material / tool-material combinations Tool life monitoring with exchange tools
11	Thread Recutting	01	632229-01	ThreadsThread recuttingHandwheel superimpositioning during thread cutting
17	Touch Probe Functions	01	632230-01	 Tool measurement and workpiece measurement Determining tool-setting dimensions with a tool touch probe Determining tool-setting dimensions with an optical gauge Automatic workpiece measurement with a workpiece touch probe
18	HEIDENHAIN DNC	01	526451-01	Communication with external PC applications over COM component
24	Gantry Axes	01	634621-01	Gantry axes via master-slave torque control
42	DXF Import	01	632231-01	DXF import: importing of DXF contours
46	Python OEM Process	01	579650-01	Python application on the CNC PILOT 640
49	Double-Speed Axes	01	632223-01	Short control-loop cycle times for direct drives
54	B-Axis Machining	01	825742-01	B axis: tilting the working plane, rotating the machining position of the tool
55	C-Axis Machining	01	633944-01	C-axis machining
63	TURN PLUS	01	825743-01	TURN PLUS: automatic generation of smart. Turn programs
70	Y-Axis Machining	01	661881-01	Y-axis machining
77	4 Additional Axes	03	634613-01	4 additional control loops
78	8 Additional Axes	03	634614-01	8 additional control loops

Option number	Option	Starting with NC- Software 688946- 688947-	ID	Comme
94	Parallel Axes	01	679676-01	Support Combine
131	Spindle Synchronism	01	806270-01	Synchro
132	Counter Spindle	01	806275-01	Counter
133	Remote Desktop Manager	04	894423-01	Display a (e.g., a W
135	Synchronizing Functions	03	1085731-01	Advance
137	State Reporting	06	1232242-01	State Re
143	Load Adapt. Control	01	800545-01	LAC: load
151	Load Monitoring	03	1111843-01	Monitorir
153	Multi-channel	05	1217032-01	Multi-cha multi-slid
155	Component Monitoring	07	1226833-01	Monitorir
160 to 167	Integrated FS	07		Enabling
169	Add. FS Full	08		Enabling

ent

rt for parallel axes (U, V, W)

ed display of principle and secondary axes

onization (of two or more spindles)

r spindle (spindle synchronism, rear-face machining)

and remote operation of external computer units Windows PC)

ed synchronization of axes and spindles

eporting Interface (SRI): provision of operating conditions

ad-dependent adaptation of control parameters

ring of the tool load

nannel capability: up to three channels for asynchronous de machining

ring for component overloading and wear

g of functional safety (FS) and safe control loops

g of remaining safe control loops

Accessories

Overview Specifications

Accessories	
Electronic handwheels	 HR 180 panel-mounted handwheels with connection to position inputs, and An HR 130 serial panel-mounted handwheel or a portable serial HR 510 (FS), HR 520 (FS), HR 550 FS handwheel
Tool measurement	 3D touch trigger probes: Π 160 with a cuboid probe contact and cable connection Π 460 with a cuboid probe contact and radio or infrared transmission
Workpiece measurement	 TS 150, TS 248, TS 260: touch trigger probe with cable connection, or TS 460 touch trigger probe with radio or infrared transmission, or TS 740 touch trigger probe with infrared transmission
DataPilot CP 640, MP 620	 Programming station for PC for programming, archiving, and training for the CNC PILOT 640 Full version with license for single station or multiple stations Demo version (free of charge)
Software for PCs	 TeleService software for remote diagnostics, monitoring, and operation TNCremo software for data transfer—free of charge TNCremoPlus software for data transfer with live-screen function

Specifications	
Components	MC main computer and 19-i MC main computer and 24-i MC main computer with inte 19-inch screen (1280 × 10 operation CC, UEC, or UMC controller TE operating panel (19-inch o Integrated machine opera Feed-rate and spindle over Available with electronic h
Operating system	HEROS 5 real-time operating
NC program memory	7.7 GB (on CFR Compact Fla
Input resolution and display step	X axis: 0.5 μm; diameter: 1 μ U, V, W, Y, Z axis: 1 μm B, C1/C2 axis: 0.001°
Interpolation	Straight: in 2 main axes (max Circle: in 2 axes (max. radius C1/C2 axis: interpolation of t B axis: 5-axis interpolation b
Feed rate	mm/min or mm/revolution Constant cutting speed Max. feed rate (60 000/num
Main spindle	Maximum: 60 000 rpm (with
Axis feedback control	Integrated digital motor cont Position control resolution: s Position controller cycle time Speed controller cycle time: Current controller cycle time
Error compensation	Linear and nonlinear axis errors static friction
Data interfaces	1000BASE-T Gigabit Etherne 4 x USB (1 x USB 2.0 on from
Diagnostics	Fast and simple troubleshoo
Ambient temperature	Operation: In electrical cabinet: 5 °C to - In operating panel: 0 °C to 5 Storage: –20 °C to 60 °C

Hinch screen (1280 x 1024 pixels) for multi-touch operation, or Hinch screen (1920 x 1080 pixels), or Integrated 15.6-inch screen (1366 x 768 pixels) or 024 pixels) or 24-inch screen (1920 x 1080 pixels) for multi-touch

r unit

or 15.6-inch) with the following:

ating panel

erride potentiometers

handwheel (only for 19-inch version)

ng system for machine control

ash memory card)

μm

ax.: ±100 m), optional in 3 main axes us: 999 m), optional additional linear interpolation of the third axis the linear axes X and Z with the C1/C2 axis (option) between X, Z, Y, B, and C axis (option)

nber of pole pairs \times ball screw pitch) at f_{PWM} = 5000 Hz

th option 49, max. 120 000 rpm) for motors with one pole pair

ntrol for synchronous and asynchronous motors signal period of the position encoder/1024 ne: 0.2 ms e: 0.2 ms ne: minimum 0.05 ms

rror, backlash, reversal peaks during circular movements,

net interface ont; 3 x USB 3.0 on rear)

oting through integrated diagnostic aids

o 40 °C 50 °C







HEIDENHAIN

www.heidenhain.com

895949-29 · 5 · 09/2021 · CD · Printed in Germany



HEIDENHAIN worldwide